



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/678,013	10/03/2000	Bruce Edward Ziegler	30602	4538
7590 08/03/2004			EXAMINER	
SPRINT 6391 SPRINT PARKWAY OVERLAND PARK, KS 66251-6100			KADING, JOSHUA A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
OVEREMINE FAMILY, ILE COZET CICC			2661	
			DATE MAILED: 08/03/2004	, 5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. Application No. Applicating Applicating Applicating Applicating Application Applicat							
### Examiner ### Art Unit ### Joshus Kading ### Art Unit ### Joshus Kading ### 2881 ### **-The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence addressPeriod for Reply ### A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. #### Examiner from may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1/38(a), in no ovent, however, may a next be timely filled. #### It has period for reply is apolified above, the measurem distancery pacids will apply and will explain SIX (8) MONT15 from the mailing date of this communication. #### Failure to spirit with the distance that the mailing date of the communication, with the present of reply is apolified above, the measurem distancery pacids will apply and will explain SIX (8) MONT15 from the mailing date of this communication. ##### Failure to spirit with the distance that the mailing date of this communication, were if timely filled, may reduce if his communication is entired parent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.76(b). #### Responsive to communication(s) filed on ### May 2004. #### Responsive to communication(s) filed on ### May 2004. #### Responsive to communication(s) filed on ### May 2004. #### Responsive to communication(s) filed on ### May 2004. #### Responsive to communication(s) filed on ### May 2004. #### Responsive to communication is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under ### Parent Quay/e, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. #### Disposition of Claims #### Claim(s) ### Last a sile of the practice under ### Parent Quay/e, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. ### Disposition of Claims ### Claim(s) ### Last a sile of the mailing date of the communication. ### Claim(s) ### Last a sile of the mailing date of the communication. ### Claim(s) ### Last a sile of the mailing date of the communication. ### Claim(s) ### Last a sile of the mailing date of the mailing date of the provision		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Joshua Kading 2681		09/678,013	ZIEGLER ET AL.				
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE ② MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Estamblished internery be available under the provision of 3 CFR 1.13(a), in no event, however, may a reply be timely filed in the period for reply appealed above list less has theiry (30) days, a reply within the adulatory minimum of binity (30) days will be considered timely. If the period for reply appealed above list less has theiry (30) days, a reply within the adulatory minimum of binity (30) days will be considered timely. If the period for reply appealed above list less has theiry (30) days, a reply within the adulatory minimum of binity (30) days will be considered timely. If the period for reply appealed above list less has theiry (30) days, a reply within the above the appellation in become ABANCONED (30 VS.5; 133). False being by within the set or extended princip for reply will, by adulation, group and will apply and will dept (30) MONTHOR the making date of this communication. False being by within the set or extended princip for reply will, by adulation, group and will apply and will dept the making date of this communication. False being by within the set or extended princip for reply will, by adulation, group and will dept for the communication. False being by within the set or extended princip for reply will, by adulation and princip date of the communication. False being by within the set or extended princip for reply and will apply and will dept for the communication. False being by within the set or extended princip for the communication. False being by within the set or extended princip filed on 18 May 2004. The communication is communication in the princip for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the princip filed on 18 May 2004. Claim(s)	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. □ Examinous of time may be available under the proteitions of 37 CFR 1.138(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed □ If the period for reply to available under the proteitions of 37 CFR 1.138(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed □ If NO period for reply to available under the proteitions of 37 CFR 1.138(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed □ If NO period for reply is pecified above, the maintern statutory period vill apply and will expire SIX (b) MONTHS from the mainting date of this communication of binty (20) stays will be considered timely. □ If NO period for reply is appoiled above, the mainting date of this communication. □ Failure to apply will him set or wondered period for expiration and patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) □ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 May 2004. 2a) □ This action is FINAL. □ 2b) □ This action is non-final. □ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C D. 11, 453 O G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) □ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are allowed. □ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are allowed. □ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. □ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected to. □ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected to. □ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected to by the Examiner. 10) □ The drawing(s) filed on 0.3 October 2000 is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner. Application Papers 9 □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10 □ The drawing(s) filed on 0.3 October 2000 is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner. Application Papers 10 □ The drawing(s) filed on 0.3 October 2000 is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner. Application Papers 11 □ Claim(s) □ certified copies of the pr							
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extransions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 CFR 1.13(e). In no event, however, may a right be timely filed after 5tX, 69 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If this period in may be sent about the communication of 1 the period from the provision of 1 this period from the period from the provision of 1 this period from 1		pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
1)	THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro , cause the application to become ABANDON	timely filed ays will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final. 3 ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) ☐ Claim(s)	Status						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final. 3 ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) ☐ Claim(s)	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 M	lay 2004.					
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4)							
4)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) □ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) □ The drawing(s) filed on <u>03 October 2000</u> is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) □ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) □ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of: 1. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) □ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) □ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	Disposition of Claims						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 03 October 2000 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 1) ☐ Notice of Oraftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 	wn from consideration.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on 03 October 2000 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Oraftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Application Papers						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>03 October 2000</u> is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	: a)⊠ accepted or b)☐ objector drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S tion is required if the drawing(s) is o	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	 a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau 	ts have been received. Is have been received in Applica Inity documents have been recei u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ived in this National Stage				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	Attachment(s)						
S. Patent and Trademark Office	1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa	Date				

Art Unit: 2661

5

10

15

20

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The use of the trademark JAVA has been noted in this application. It should be capitalized wherever it appears and be accompanied by the generic terminology.

Although the use of trademarks is permissible in patent applications, the proprietary nature of the marks should be respected and every effort made to prevent their use in any manner which might adversely affect their validity as trademarks.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 17 uses the word "applet" in the claim language. Applicant uses the term "applet" as defined by the JAVA programming language, see the Specification, page 5, lines 23-26. Although the term "applet" is itself not necessarily a trademark, JAVA is a trademark; and since an applet is completely derived from the JAVA programming language, it stands to reason that if JAVA were to change (or become obsolete) so would the "applet" by definition. Therefore, the term "applet" renders the claim vague and indefinite because the scope and meaning of the term "applet" is defined in terms of

Art Unit: 2661

a trademark, i.e. the JAVA programming language. See MPEP 21703.05(u) for 35 U.S.C. 112 second paragraph rejections using trademarks.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

5 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claims 17-20 all disclose a process within a computer executed by a computer program. As understood at this time, claims 17-20 merely transform or manipulate data within a computer, specifically displaying, searching, or changing data within a telecommunications switch list. The MPEP 2106.IV.B.2(b) states that a statutory computer process claim "taken as a whole" must have some "practical application" outside the "transformation of signals or data inside a computer" to be considered statutory. Since claims 17-20 are only manipulating data within a database (the switch list) and have no apparent practical application, they are not patentable material under 35 U.S.C. 101.

20

10

15

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Art Unit: 2661

5

10

15

20

Claims 1, 2, 4, 6, 11-14, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leong et al. (U.S. Patent 6,269,398 B1).

In regard to claim 1, Leong discloses "an administrator to select a...local routing switch (figure 3A, step 302 where identifying is the same as selecting); listing data tables from the... local routing switch (figure 13, where all the entries are different routing table or routing interface entries); the administrator to select one of the data tables (figure 13 where the square around the first entry means the administrator has selected that data table); retrieving information from the selected data table and for displaying the information (figure 14, where the information displayed is the data table chosen in the previous step); permitting the administrator to make changes to the retrieved information (figure 14, element 1405 permits the administrator to change the table); and sending changes made to the retrieved information to an interface on the...local routing switch so that the changes may be incorporated in the data table (figure 14, element 1406 allows the changes to be sent or applied to the selected router)." However, Leong lacks "a computer program" to perform the method and "a voice-over-i.p." routing switch.

It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the computer program with the method for the purpose of allowing the administrator to obtain and change information about the network that only a computer program can obtain and change. The motivation being that a computer program is the most efficient way of performing the method.

Art Unit: 2661

5

10

Page 5

It also would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the VoIP routing switch with the method as an obvious design choice. The motivation being that there needs to be a router at the network level to have communication and the type of router is a design choice as any router performs the same generic function of routing information from one place to another.

In regard to claim 2, Leong discloses "... the retrieved information is presented in a plurality of logical tables (figure 14 where the information is in a table and element 1405 allows for changes to the table)." However, Leong lacks "the computer program as set forth in claim 1..." It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the computer program with the logical tables for the same reasons and motivation as in claim 1.

In regard to claim 4, Leong discloses "... the administrator may save a logical table from the logical tables to a file and perform changes to the file (figure 14, where the save button allows the administrator to save the table to a file)." However, Leong lacks "the computer program as set forth in claim 2..." It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the computer program with the saving of the logical table for the same reasons and motivation as in claim 2.

20

15

In regard to claim 6, Leong discloses "...the administrator to search for information in the data table (figure 14 where the table is set up so that the administrator

Art Unit: 2661

5

10

15

20

can simply look at the organized columns and data to search for the information desired)." However, Leong lacks "the computer program as set forth in claim 1, further including a code segment for permitting..." It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the computer program with the searching of the logical tables for the same reasons and motivation as in claim 1.

In regard to claim 11, Leong discloses "a system for modifying data tables contained in a…local routing switch, the system comprising:

a server computer (col. 6, lines 44-48 and col. 7, lines 6-10 where it is saying that one of these units can function as a network manager or server); and

a user computer (col. 6, lines 44-48);

... an administrator to select a...local routing switch from a list thereof displayed on the user computer (figure 3A, step 302 where identifying is the same as selecting); listing data tables from the...local routing switch (figure 13, where all the entries are different routing table or routing interface entries); the administrator to select one of the data tables from a list thereof displayed on the user computer (figure 13 where the square around the first entry means the administrator has selected that data table); retrieving information from the selected data table and for displaying the information on the user computer (figure 14, where the information displayed is the data table chosen in the previous step); permitting the administrator to make changes to the retrieved information (figure 14, element 1405 permits the administrator to change the table); sending changes made to the retrieved information to an interface on the...local routing

Art Unit: 2661

Page 7

switch so that the changes may be incorporated in the data table (figure 14, element 1406 allows the changes to be sent or applied to the selected router)." However, Leong lacks "a computer program" to perform the method and "a voice-over-i.p." routing switch.

5

It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the computer program with the method for the purpose of allowing the administrator to obtain and change information about the network that only a computer program can obtain and change. The motivation being that a computer program is the most efficient way of performing the method.

10

It also would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the VoIP routing switch with the method as an obvious design choice. The motivation being that there needs to be a router at the network level to have communication and the type of router is a design choice as any router performs the same generic function of routing information from one place to another.

15

20

In regard to claim 12, Leong discloses "... the retrieved information is presented in a plurality of logical tables (figure 14 where the information is in a table and element 1405 allows for changes to the table)." However, Leong lacks "the computer program as set forth in claim 11..." It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the computer program with the logical tables for the same reasons and motivation as in claim 11.

Art Unit: 2661

5

10

15

20

In regard to claim 13, Leong discloses "... the administrator may make changes directly to one of the plurality of logical tables (figure 14 where the information is in a table and element 1405 allows for changes to the table)." However, Leong lacks "the voice over-i.p. routing switch. It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the switch with the modifying of logical tables for the same reasons and motivation as in claim 11.

In regard to claim 14, Leong discloses "...the administrator may save a logical table to a file and perform changes to the file (figure 14, where the save button allows the administrator to save the table to a file)." However, Leong lacks "the computer program as set forth in claim 11..." It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the computer program with the saving of the logical table for the same reasons and motivation as in claim 11.

In regard to claim 16, Leong discloses "... the administrator to search for information in the data table (figure 14 where the table is set up so that the administrator can simply look at the organized columns and data to search for the information desired)." However, Leong lacks "the computer program as set forth in claim 11, further including a code segment for permitting..." It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the computer program with the searching of the logical tables for the same reasons and motivation as in claim 11.

Art Unit: 2661

5

10

15

20

Claims 7-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leong et al. in view of Mathur (U.S. Patent 6,308,220 B1).

In regard to claim 7, Leong discloses "a method for modifying data tables contained in a…local routing switch, the method comprising the steps of: selecting a...local routing switch from a list thereof displayed on a computer (figure 3A, step 302 where identifying is the same as selecting and as can be seen in figures 4-20 all selecting and modifying of data is done by computer display); selecting a data table supported by the selected...local routing switch from a list thereof presented on the computer (figure 13 where the square around the first entry means the administrator has selected that data table); modifying the information (figure 14, element 1405 permits the administrator to change the table); and sending the modifications to an interface on the...local routing switch using the computer so that the modifications may be incorporated in the data table (figure 14, element 1406 allows the changes to be sent or applied to the selected router)."

However, Leong lacks "a voice-over-i.p." routing switch and "searching for information in the selected data table by entering search criteria in the computer".

Firstly it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the VoIP routing switch with the method as an obvious design choice. The motivation being that there needs to be a router at the network level to have communication and the type of router is a design choice as any router performs the same generic function of routing information from one place to another.

Art Unit: 2661

Page 10

Mathur discloses "searching for information in the selected data table by entering search criteria in the computer (col. 2, lines 43-46 where it is implied that the MAC or IP address being searched for was entered into the search engine at some point, further although it does not explicitly state who or what is entering the search criteria in the computer, it is merely a matter of design choice what would do this; that is to say whether a received piece of data or a string entered by a user is the search criteria is irrelevant because the search engine will operate the same and return the same results in both instances, therefore it is a matter of design choice which (if not both) would be used)."

It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the search engine and search for the purpose of configuring the router (or switch) to continue routing data (Mathur, col. 1, lines 36-40). The motivation for searching a routing table to find a corresponding output is so that the received data can then be transmitted to the next step in its transmission.

15

20

10

5

In regard to claim 8, Leong and Mathur disclose the method as set forth in claim 7. However, Mathur lacks what Leong further discloses "the information is presented in a plurality of logical tables that may be modified by the administrator (figure 14 where the information is in a table)." It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the plurality of logical tables for the same reasons and motivation as in claim 7.

Art Unit: 2661

5

10

15

20

In regard to claim 9, Leong and Mathur disclose the method as set forth in claim 8. However, Mathur lacks what Leong further discloses, "the administrator may make changes directly to one of the plurality of logical tables (figure 14 where the information is in a table and element 1405 allows for changes to the table)." It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the modifying of logical tables for the same reasons and motivation as in claim 8.

In regard to claim 10, Leong and Mathur disclose the method as set forth in claim 7. However, Mathur lacks what Leong further discloses, "an administrator may save a logical table to a file and perform changes to the file (figure 14, where the save button allows the administrator to save the table to a file)." It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to include the saving of logical tables for the same reasons and motivation as in claim 7.

Response to Arguments

The objection to claim 3 is withdrawn in light of the amended claim 3.

Applicant's arguments filed 18 May 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the rejections using Leong do not read on claims 1, 7, and 11. Specifically that Leong does not teach the "uploading" or saving of "mass amounts of information to the routing tables", see Remarks, page 9, lines 16-25. Examiner

Art Unit: 2661

10

15

20

respectfully disagrees. As evidence for the assertion that Leong does not teach "uploading mass amounts of information to the routing tables", applicant points to Leong, col. 12, lines 27-39 and more specifically to the discussion of button 1406.

It is believed that applicant is misreading Leong with regard to figure 14, and button 1406. As stated in Leong, col. 12, lines 34-38

Clicking the apply button 1406 causes the network management system to have the router update its routing tables. The routing table window also provides a "Get Again" button which obtains the most recent routing table from the router.

When button 1406 is pressed it is clearly stated that "the router" (not the management system) updates "its routing tables". Since the updates were made at the management system and do not take effect until authorized do to so, as per Leong, col. 12, lines 27-34, the updated routing table information must have been uploaded to the router. If it weren't, how else would the router get the most up to date routing tables and be able to send them back to the management system upon request?

Applicant's arguments, see Remarks, page 10, lines 17-27, filed 18 May 2004, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 7 under 35 U.S.C. 103 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of newly discovered prior art.

Lastly, all rejections for dependent claims of independent claims 1, 7, and 11 are maintained in view of the above arguments and new rejections.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joshua Kading whose telephone number is (703) 305-0342. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F: 8:30AM-5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Douglas Olms can be reached on (703) 305-4703. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

15

10

5

Joshua Kading Examiner

Art Unit 2661

July 27, 2004

KENNETH VANDERPUYE PRIMARY EXAMINER